Consolidated quarterly results FY2019 (Six-month period ended September 30, 2019)

[Prepared on the basis of International Financial Reporting Standards]

Sumitomo Corporation

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(Remarks)

Amounts are rounded to the nearest million.

(Remarks)

1. Consolidated results for the six-month period ended September 30, 2019

(1) Consolidated anomating a .

(1) Consolidated operat	(1) Consolidated operating results % : change from the same period of the previous yea									
	Revenues	(decrease)	Profit before tax	(increase/ (decrease)	Profit for the period	(increase/ (decrease)	Profit for the period attributable to owners of the parent	(increase/ (decrease)	Comprehensive income for the period	(increase/ (decrease)
Six-month period ended	(millions of yen)	(%)	(millions of yen)	(%)	(millions of yen)	(%)	(millions of yen)	(%)	(millions of yen)	(%)
September 30, 2019	2,636,602	6.3	201,227	(11.6)	161,392	(13.4)	152,424	(15.0)	45,790	(83.3)
September 30, 2018	2,479,917	8.1	227,597	12.3	186,289	13.2	179,317	15.5	273,606	37.7

	Earnings per share attributable to owners of the parent (basic)	Earnings per share attributable to owners of the parent (diluted)
Six-month period ended	(yen)	(yen)
September 30, 2019	122.03	121.91
September 30, 2018	143.61	143.48

(2) Consolidated financial position

	Total Assets	Total equity	Equity attributable to owners of the parent	Equity attributable to owners of the parent ratio
	(millions of yen)	(millions of yen)	(millions of yen)	(%)
As of September 30, 2019	8,202,865	2,845,283	2,707,694	33.0
As of March 31, 2019	7,916,523	2,906,199	2,771,483	35.0

2. Dividends

	Cash dividends per share								
	First quarter-end	Second quarter-end	Third quarter-end	Year-end	Total				
	(yen)	(yen)	(yen)	(yen)	(yen)				
Year ended March 31, 2019	-	37.00	_	38.00	75.00				
Year ending March 31, 2020	-	45.00							
Year ending March 31, 2020 (Forecasts)			_	35.00	80.00				

[Note] Revision of the latest dividend forecasts: Yes

3. Forecasts for the year ending March 31, 2020

3. Forecasts for the year ending March 31, 2020			% : change from the previous year.		
	Profit for the year attributable to owners of the parent	(increase/ (decrease)	Earnings per share attributable to owners of the parent		
	(millions of yen)	(%)	(yen)		
Year ending March 31, 2020	300,000	(6.4)	240.22		

[Note] Revision of the latest forecasts: Yes

Notes

(1) Change in significant subsidiaries (changes in "Specified Subsidiaries" accompanying changes in scope of consolidation) during this period: None

(2) Changes in accounting policies and accounting estimate

(i)	Changes in	accounting	policies	required	by IFRS	Yes
(-)			P			

(ii)	Other changes	None

(iii) Changes in accounting estimate None

[Note] For further details please refer page 14 "Changes in accounting policies and others."

(3) Outs	tanding stocks (Common stocks)				(shares)
(i)	Outstanding stocks including treasury stock	(September 30, 2019)	1,250,985,467	(March 31, 2019)	1,250,787,667
(ii)	Treasury stocks	(September 30, 2019)	1,743,044	(March 31, 2019)	1,872,865
(iii)	Average stocks during six months (AprSep.)	(September 30, 2019)	1,248,841,853	(September 30, 2018)	1,248,640,395

* This report is not subject to quarterly reviews by certified public accountants or auditing firms.

* Cautionary Statement Concerning Forward-looking Statements

This report includes forward-looking statements relating to our future plans, forecasts, objectives, expectations and intentions. The forward-looking statements reflect management's current assumptions and expectations of future events, and accordingly, they are inherently susceptible to uncertainties and changes in circumstances and are not guarantees of future performance. Actual results may differ materially, for a wide range of possible reasons, including general industry and market conditions and general international economic conditions. In light of the many risks and uncertainties, you are advised not to put undue reliance on these statements. The management forecasts included in this report are not projections, and do not represent management's current estimates of future performance. Rather, they represent forecasts that management strives to achieve through the successful implementation of the Company's business strategies. The Company may be unsuccessful in implementing its business strategies, and management may fail to achieve its forecasts. The Company is under no obligation -- and expressly disclaims any such obligation -- to update or alter its forward-looking statements.

Management results

1. Operating results

Revenues for the six-month period ended September 30, 2019, amounted to 2,636.6 billion yen, representing an increase of 156.7 billion yen from the same period of the previous year.

Gross profit totaled 446.9 billion yen decreased by 4.3 billion yen owing to San Cristobal silver-zinclead mining project in Bolivia decreased the earnings due to lower shipment volume, while the construction of large-scale projects in power infrastructure business progressed. Selling, general and administrative expenses increased by 7.8 billion yen to 323.7 billion yen.

Share of profit (loss) of investments accounted for using the equity method decreased by 24.3 billion yen to 58.5 billion yen, due to low performance of automotive related business and the absence of earnings by telecommunication business in Myanmar caused by the change of their fiscal year in the same period of the previous year.

Gain (loss) on securities and other investments increased by 10.2 billion yen to 15.7 billion yen due mainly to the one-off profit from asset replacement.

As a result, profit for the period attributable to owners of the parent totaled 152.4 billion yen, representing a decrease of 26.9 billion yen from the same period of the previous year. Basic profit(*1) totaled 142.3 billion yen, representing a decrease of 36.6 billion yen from the same period of the previous year.

<Profit for the period attributable to owners of the parent by segment>

Metal Products Business Unit posted profit of 11.1 billion yen, a decrease of 9.7 billion yen from the same period of the previous year, primarily due to decrease in earnings of tubular products business in North America and low performance of overseas steel service centers.

Transportation & Construction Systems Business Unit posted profit of 21.5 billion yen, a decrease of 11.2 billion yen from the same period of the previous year, due to decrease in earnings of automotive manufacturing business, while leasing business and construction equipment sales & marketing and rental business kept solid performance.

Infrastructure Business Unit posted profit of 39.8 billion yen, an increase of 16.7 billion yen from the same period of the previous year. In addition to the one-off profit from IPP/IWPP business, the profit

increase is due to the stable progress of construction of large-scale projects in power infrastructure business and stable performance of IPP/IWPP business.

Media & Digital Business Unit posted profit of 18.8 billion yen, a decrease of 5.7 billion yen from the same period of the previous year, due to the absence of earnings by telecommunication business in Myanmar caused by the change of their fiscal year and one-off profit from asset replacement in the same period of the previous year, while domestic major group companies kept solid performance.

Living Related & Real Estate Business Unit posted profit of 26.1 billion yen, an increase of 0.1 billion yen from the same period of the previous year. The domestic major group companies and the real estate business are keeping solid performance.

Mineral Resources, Energy, Chemical & Electronics Business Unit posted profit of 33.2 billion yen, a decrease of 13.2 billion yen from the same period of the previous year, due to decrease in earnings from San Cristobal silver-zinc-lead mining project in Bolivia impacted by lower shipment volume, and due to decrease in earnings from Nickel mining and refining business in Madagascar and companies related to coal business in Australia which were impacted mainly by lower mineral resources prices, while there was one-off profit from change in the shareholding structure of Gyxis Corporation.

(*1) Basic profit = (Gross profit + Selling, general and administrative expenses (excluding provision for doubtful receivables) + Interest expense, net of interest income + Dividends) × (1-Tax rate) + Share of profit (loss) of investments accounted for using the equity method

2. Financial position

<Total assets, liabilities, and equity as of September 30, 2019>

Total assets stood at 8,202.9 billion yen, representing an increase of 286.3 billion yen from the previous fiscal year-end due mainly to an increase by adopting IFRS 16 (change in accounting treatment for "lease"), while decrease in asset by appreciation of Japanese yen.

Equity attributable to owners of the parent totaled 2,707.7 billion yen, decreased by 63.8 billion yen from the previous fiscal year-end, due to Japanese yen's appreciation and the payment of dividend to shareholders, while an increase in retained earnings.

Interest-bearing liabilities (net) (*2) increased by 108.3 billion yen from the previous fiscal year-end, to 2,535.4 billion yen.

In consequence, the net debt-equity ratio (Interest-bearing liabilities (net)/ Equity attributable to owners of the parent) was 0.9.

<Cash flows>

Net cash provided by operating activities totaled 66.2 billion yen as basic profit cash flow (*3) totaled to an inflow of 155.5 billion yen as core businesses performed well in generating cash while working capital increased.

Net cash used in investing activities totaled 110.3 billion yen. In this period, we executed investments approx. 200.0 billion yen primarily for the acquisition of the parking provider in northern Europe and the acquisition of domestic real estate assets. On the other hand, we recovered funds of approx. 60.0 billion yen through the sale of offshore wind farms in the United Kingdom and the restructuring of aircraft engine leasing business.

As a result, free cash flow, representing sum of net cash provided by operating activities and net cash used in investing activities, totaled to an outflow of 44.1 billion yen.

Net cash provided by financing activities totaled 40.8 billion yen due primarily to executing borrowing despite the payment of dividend.

In consequence of the foregoing, cash and cash equivalents stood at 645.9 billion yen as of September 30, 2019, representing a decrease of 14.5 billion yen from the previous fiscal year-end.

(*2) Interest-bearing liabilities = Sum of bonds and borrowings (current and non-current) (excluding lease liabilities)

(*3) Basic profit cash flow = Basic profit - Share of profit (loss) of investments accounted for using the equity method + Dividend from investments accounted for using the equity method

3. Forecasts for fiscal year ending March 31, 2020(*4)

As regards to the global economy, the growth pace has become even slower. U.S. economy continues to recover gradually not exceeding the level of the potential growth rate and the growth rate in Euro area also stay at sluggish level while there are some signs of recovery. In emerging countries, growth pace of Chinese economy is decelerating even further and there is lack of bullishness in growth for other Asian countries. As for the domestic economy, economic activities have become weaken in specific part of the country due to lower export and the impacts from natural disasters. As we anticipate the execution of the economic-stimulus measures in some countries, the immediate adverse influences on the economy is expected to be avoided, however, the growth pace will be moderate for the moment. There will be some

down-side risks, such as, the increase in uncertainties due to trade friction and the change in political climate and social landscape, debt problems in emerging countries, and the increase in geopolitical risks in the Asian and Middle Eastern countries.

	Initial forecasts	Revised forecasts	Increase/ Decrease	Increase/ Decrease (%)
Profit for the year (attributable to owners of the parent)	340 bil. yen	300 bil. yen	-40 bil. yen	-11 .8%

Under such circumstances, our forecasts for the fiscal year ending March 31, 2020 is as follows:

As for the forecasts for fiscal year ending March 31, 2020, we have revised our annual forecast of profit for the year attributable to owners of the parent to 300.0 billion yen, 40.0 billion yen down from the initial forecast announced in May 2019. We expect impacts from delay in demand recovery of tubular products market in North America and impacts from lower performance of automotive related business. In addition, we also expect impacts from lower mineral resources prices in mineral resources business, such as coal prices.

(*4)Cautionary Statement Concerning Forward-Looking Statements

This report includes forward-looking statements relating to our future plans, forecasts, objectives, expectations and intentions. The forward-looking statements reflect management's current assumptions and expectations of future events, and accordingly, they are inherently susceptible to uncertainties and changes in circumstances and are not guarantees of future performance. Actual results may differ materially, for a wide range of possible reasons, including general industry and market conditions and general international economic conditions. In light of the many risks and uncertainties, you are advised not to put undue reliance on these statements. The management forecasts included in this report are not projections, and do not represent management's current estimates of future performance. Rather, they represent forecasts that management strives to achieve through the successful implementation of the Company's business strategies. The Company may be unsuccessful in implementing its business strategies, and management may fail to achieve its forecasts. The Company is under no obligation -- and expressly disclaims any such obligation -- to update or alter its forward-looking statements.

4. Dividend Policy

Sumitomo Corporation aims to increase dividends by achieving medium and long-term earnings growth while adhering to its fundamental policy of paying shareholders a stable dividend over the long term.

During "Medium-Term Management Plan 2020" with its term from FY2018 to FY2020, we decide the dividend amount in view of the situations regarding basic profit and cash flow, with a consolidated payout ratio of 30% as our guideline.

Due to the fact that our annual forecast of profit for the year attributable to owners of the parent is revised to 300.0 billion yen, the annual ordinary dividend for fiscal year ending March 31, 2020 is revised to 70 yen per share (latest projection was 80 yen per share). In addition to the ordinary dividend, we will award a commemorative dividend of 10 yen per share to commemorate the 100th anniversary of the Company's establishment. As a result, total annual dividend forecast for the fiscal year ending March 31,

2020 is projected to be 80 yen per share (latest projection was 90 yen per share). The interim dividend is the sum of ordinary dividend of 35 yen per share (half of the amount of planned annual ordinary dividend) and commemorative dividend of 10 yen: 45 yen per share.

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Position

Sumitomo Corporation and Subsidiaries As of September 30, 2019 and March 31, 2019

	Millions of Yen				s of U.S. Dollars	
4.005700	Septe	mber 30, 2019	larch 31, 2019	Septe	mber 30, 2019	
ASSETS Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents	¥	645,884	¥	660,359	\$	5,980
Time deposits		9,980		10,492		92
Marketable securities		2,207		1,989		20
Trade and other receivables		1,258,257		1,340,451		11,651
Other financial assets		74,808		62,692		693
Inventories		987,266		925,204		9,141
Advance payments to suppliers		158,222		161,037		1,465
Assets classified as held for sale		_		56,034		_
Other current assets		344,921		329,392		3,194
Total current assets		3,481,545		3,547,650		32,236
Non-current assets: Investments accounted for using the equity method		2,085,745		2,130,517		19,312
Other investments		409,585		429,532		3,792
Trade and other receivables		370,702		371,420		3,432
Other financial assets		75,761		75,576		701
Property, plant and equipment		1,059,634		746,647		9,811
Intangible assets		305,924		259,759		2,833
Investment property		333,782		275,273		3,091
Biological assets		20,797		22,858		193
Prepaid expenses		20,629		21,043		192
Deferred tax assets		38,761		36,248		359
Total non-current assets		4,721,320		4,368,873		43,716
Total assets	¥	8,202,865	¥	7,916,523	\$	75,952

Note: The U.S. Dollar amounts represent translations of Japanese Yen amounts at the rate of 108=US.

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Position

Sumitomo Corporation and Subsidiaries As of September 30, 2019 and March 31, 2019

		Million	Millions of U.S. Dollars			
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	Septe	mber 30, 2019	Ma	rch 31, 2019	Septem	nber 30, 2019
Current liabilities: Bonds and borrowings	¥	726,317	¥	682,349	\$	6,725
	Ŧ		Ŧ		Φ	
Trade and other payables		1,044,734		1,178,542		9,673
Lease liabilities		55,495		11,717		514
Other financial liabilities		57,736		50,787		535
Income tax payables		32,954		28,467		305
Accrued expenses		90,679		94,019		840
Contract liabilities		121,981		132,693		1,129
Provisions		4,617		8,356		43
Liabilities associated with assets classified as held for sale		_		8,841		_
Other current liabilities		64,880		82,935		601
Total current liabilities		2,199,393		2,278,706		20,365
Non–current liabilities: Bonds and borrowings		2,464,954		2,415,606		22,824
Trade and other payables		57,289		57,775		530
Lease liabilities		440,747		56,637		4,081
Other financial liabilities		20,216		23,660		187
Accrued pension and retirement benefits		32,068		34,869		297
Provisions		44,666		46,364		413
Deferred tax liabilities		98,249		96,707		910
Total non-current liabilities		3,158,189		2,731,618		29,242
Total liabilities		5,357,582		5,010,324		49,607
Equity: Common stock		219,613		219,449		2,033
Additional paid-in capital		257,213		258,292		2,000
Treasury stock		(2,328)		(2,501)		(22
Other components of equity		115,183		234,937		1,067
Retained earnings		2,118,013		2,061,306		
						19,611
Equity attributable to owners of the parent		2,707,694		2,771,483		25,071
Non-controlling interests		137,589		134,716		1,274
Total equity		2,845,283		2,906,199		26,345
Total liabilities and equity	¥	8,202,865	¥	7,916,523	\$	75,952

Note: The U.S. Dollar amounts represent translations of Japanese Yen amounts at the rate of ¥108=US\$1.

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income Sumitomo Corporation and Subsidiaries

For the six-month periods ended September 30, 2019 and 2018

	Millions of Yen				Millions of U.S. Dollars	
		2019		2018		2019
Revenues						
Sales of tangible products	¥	2,405,381	¥	2,246,704	\$	22,272
Sales of services and others		231,221		233,213		2,141
Total revenues		2,636,602		2,479,917		24,413
Cost						
Cost of tangible products sold		(2,075,196)		(1,872,311)		(19, 215)
Cost of services and others		(114,519)		(156, 404)		(1,060)
Total cost		(2,189,715)		(2,028,715)		(20,275)
Gross profit		446,887		451,202		4,138
Other income (expenses)						
Selling, general and administrative expenses		(323,714)		(315,952)		(2,997)
Impairment losses on long-lived assets		(197)		(48)		(2)
Gain (loss) on sale of long-lived assets, net		3,285		609		30
Other, net		4,485		1,911		42
Total other income (expenses)		(316,141)		(313,480)		(2,927)
Finance income (costs)						
Interest income		14,164		14,351		131
Interest expense		(24, 431)		(19,861)		(226)
Dividends		6,625		7,226		61
Gain (loss) on securities and other investments, net		15,672		5,446		145
Finance income (costs), net		12,030		7,162		111
Share of profit (loss) of investments accounted for using the equity method		58,451		82,713		541
Profit before tax		201,227		227,597		1,863
Income tax expense		(39,835)		(41,308)		(369)
Profit for the period		161,392		186,289		1,494
Profit for the period attributable to:						
Owners of the parent	¥	152,424	¥	179,317	\$	1,411
Non-controlling interests		8,968		6,972		83
Other comprehensive income						
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss						
Financial assets measured at fair value through		(15,419)		11,423		(143)
other comprehensive income						
Remeasurements of defined benefit pension plans Share of other comprehensive income of investments		3,623		4,598		34
accounted for using the equity method		(13)		1,000		0
Total items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		(11,809)		17,021		(109)
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss						
Exchange differences on translating foreign operations		(80,535)		59,984		(746)
Cash-flow hedges		633		4,633		6
Share of other comprehensive income of investments accounted for using the equity method		(23,891)		5,679		(221)
Total items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss		(103,793)		70,296		(961)
Other comprehensive income, net of tax		(115,602)		87,317		(1,070)
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
Comprehensive income for the period		45,790		273,606		424
Comprehensive income for the period attributable to:	37	07 705	37	000 450	ው	0.40
Owners of the parent	¥	37,737	¥	266,452	\$	349
Non-controlling interests		8,053		7,154		75

Note: The U.S. Dollar amounts represent translations of Japanese Yen amounts at the rate of ¥108=US\$1.

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity Sumitomo Corporation and Subsidiaries

For the six-month periods ended September 30, 2019 and 2018

For the six-month periods ended Septer	mber 30, 2019						Ν	Aillions of Yen	
		Equity attributable to owners of the parent							
	Common stock	Additional paid-in capital	Treasury stock	Other components of equity	Retained earnings	Total	Non-controlling interests	Total equity	
Balance, beginning of year	219,449	258,292	(2,501)	234,937	2,061,306	2,771,483	134,716	2,906,199	
Impact of changes in accounting policies					(53,325)	(53,325)	(909)	(54,234)	
Balance, beginning of year after changes in accounting policies	219,449	258,292	(2,501)	234,937	2,007,981	2,718,158	133,807	2,851,965	
Profit for the period					152,424	152,424	8,968	161,392	
Other comprehensive income for the period				(114,687)		(114,687)	(915)	(115,602)	
Comprehensive income for the period						37,737	8,053	45,790	
Transaction with owners:									
Share-based payment transactions	164	164				328		328	
Acquisition (disposal) of non-controlling interests, net		(848)				(848)	258	(590)	
Acquisition (disposal) of treasury stock, net			173			173		173	
Cash dividends to owners of the parent					(47,459)	(47,459)		(47,459)	
Cash dividends to non-controlling interests							(4,529)	(4,529)	
Others		(395)				(395)		(395)	
Transfer to retained earnings				(5,067)	5,067	_		-	
Balance, end of period	219,613	257,213	(2,328)	115,183	2,118,013	2,707,694	137,589	2,845,283	

For the six-month periods ended Septer	mber 30, 2018						Ν	lillions of Yen
		Equi						
	Common stock	Additional paid-in capital	Treasury stock	Other components of equity	Retained earnings	Total	Non-controlling interests	Total equity
Balance, beginning of year	219,279	265,126	(2,796)	248,564	1,827,987	2,558,160	136,161	2,694,321
Impact of changes in accounting policies					3,270	3,270		3,270
Balance, beginning of year after changes in accounting policies	219,279	265,126	(2,796)	248,564	1,831,257	2,561,430	136,161	2,697,591
Profit for the period					179,317	179,317	6,972	186,289
Other comprehensive income for the period				87,135		87,135	182	87,317
Comprehensive income for the period						266,452	7,154	273,606
Transaction with owners:								
Share-based payment transactions	170	170				340		340
Acquisition (disposal) of non-controlling interests, net		(127)				(127)	(418)	(545)
Acquisition (disposal) of treasury stock, net			112			112		112
Cash dividends to owners of the parent					(42,450)	(42,450)		(42,450)
Cash dividends to non-controlling interests							(4,623)	(4,623)
Others		223				223		223
Transfer to retained earnings				(12,276)	12,276	_		_
Balance, end of period	219,449	265,392	(2,684)	323,423	1,980,400	2,785,980	138,274	2,924,254

For the six-month periods ended Septer	Millions o	f U.S. Dollars						
-		Equi						
	Common stock	Additional paid-in capital	Treasury stock	Other components of equity	Retained earnings	Total	Non-controlling interests	Total equity
Balance, beginning of year	2,031	2,392	(23)	2,176	19,086	25,662	1,247	26,909
Impact of changes in accounting policies					(494)	(494)	(8)	(502)
Balance, beginning of year after changes in accounting policies	2,031	2,392	(23)	2,176	18,592	25,168	1,239	26,407
Profit for the period					1,411	1,411	83	1,494
Other comprehensive income for the period				(1,062)		(1,062)	(8)	(1,070)
Comprehensive income for the period						349	75	424
Transaction with owners:								
Share-based payment transactions	2	2				4		4
Acquisition (disposal) of non-controlling interests, net		(8)				(8)	2	(6)
Acquisition (disposal) of treasury stock, net			1			1		1
Cash dividends to owners of the parent					(439)	(439)		(439)
Cash dividends to non-controlling interests							(42)	(42)
Others		(4)				(4)		(4)
Transfer to retained earnings				(47)	47	-		_
Balance, end of period	2,033	2,382	(22)	1,067	19,611	25,071	1,274	26,345

Note: The U.S. Dollar amounts represent translations of Japanese Yen amounts at the rate of 108=US.

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

Sumitomo Corporation and Subsidiaries

For the six-month periods ended September 30, 2019 and 2018 $\,$

		Million	s of Yen		Millions of U.S. Dollars	
		2019		2018		2019
Operating activities:						
Profit for the period	¥	161,392	¥	186,289	\$	1,494
Adjustments to reconcile profit for the period to net cash provided by						
operating activities:						
Depreciation and amortization		77,336		56,043		716
Impairment losses on long-lived assets		197		48		2
Finance (income) costs, net		(12,030)		(7,162)		(111)
Share of (profit) loss of investments accounted for using the equity method		(58, 451)		(82,713)		(541)
(Gain) loss on sale of long-lived assets, net		(3,285)		(609)		(30)
Income tax expense		39,835		41,308		369
Increase in inventories		(50, 538)		(51,774)		(468)
Decrease (increase) in trade and other receivables		49,177		(71, 786)		455
Increase in prepaid expenses		(10, 503)		(15, 501)		(97)
(Decrease) increase in trade and other payables		(109,823)		78,360		(1,017)
Other, net		(69,674)		(85,681)		(645)
Interest received		14,079		14,289		130
Dividends received		78,778		68,773		729
Interest paid		(24,622)		(19,823)		(228)
Income tax paid		(15,635)		(21,045)		(145)
Net cash provided by operating activities		66,233		89,016		613
Investing activities:						
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment		1,440		5,621		13
Purchase of property, plant and equipment		(36,270)		(58, 429)		(336)
Proceeds from sale of investment property		3,214		_		30
Purchase of investment property		(17,263)		(5,932)		(160)
Proceeds from sale of other investments		60,138		86,854		557
Acquisition of other investments		(116,672)		(67,771)		(1,080)
Collection of loan receivables		11,018		54,013		102
Increase in loan receivables		(15,916)		(28,080)		(147)
Net cash used in investing activities		(110,311)		(13,724)		(1,021)
Free Cash Flows:		(44,078)		75,292		(408)
Financing activities:						
Net increase in short-term debt		103,898		9,367		962
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt		248,577		175,134		2,302
Repayment of long-term debt		(259,716)		(193,119)		(2,405)
Cash dividends paid		(47,459)		(42,450)		(439)
Capital contribution from non-controlling interests		2,314		_		21
Payment for acquisition of subsidiary's interests from non-controlling interests		(2,316)		(194)		(22)
Payment of dividends to non-controlling interests		(4,529)		(4,623)		(42)
(Acquisition) disposal of treasury stock, net		64		109		1
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities		40,833		(55,776)		378
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents		(3,245)		19,516		(30)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of year		660,359		667,152		6,114
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		(11,726)		16,301		(109)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents resulting from transfer to						
assets classified as held for sale		496		4,512		5
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of period	¥	645,884	¥	707,481	\$	5,980

Note: The U.S. Dollar amounts represent translations of Japanese Yen amounts at the rate of 108=US.

Assumptions for Going Concern

: None

Changes in accounting policies and others

Significant accounting policies applied in this summary of the consolidated financial statements for the six months period ended September 30, 2019, remain the same as those applied in the consolidated financial statements for the previous fiscal year, except for the items below.

:

(1) IFRS 16 "Leases"

The Companies have applied International Financial Reporting Standard No.16 *Leases* ("IFRS 16") from the reporting period. For leases that the Companies as lessee previously classified as operating leases applying International Accounting Standard No.17 *Leases* ("IAS 17"), right-of-use assets and lease liabilities are recognized at the date of initial application.

At inception of a contract, the Companies assess whether the contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

If a contract is, or contains, a lease, the Companies recognize right-of-use assets and lease liabilities on the consolidated statement of financial position at the commencement date. The Companies recognize the lease payments associated with short-term leases as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Right-of-use assets are measured by using the cost model and are measured at cost less any accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

An acquisition cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of the initial measurement of lease liabilities adjusted for initial direct costs and any lease payments made at or before the commencement date. Right-of-use assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over its lease terms.

Lease liabilities are initially measured at the discounted present value of unpaid lease payments at the commencement date of the contract. Lease payments are allocated into finance costs and the portion of the balance of lease liabilities, to ensure that the interest rate remains constant for the balance of lease liabilities. Finance costs are presented separately from the depreciation of the right-of-use assets in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

In addition, "Lease liabilities," which were previously included in "Trade and other payables" in the consolidated statement of financial position, have increased as a result of application of IFRS 16. It has been presented independently from the reporting period. In order to reflect this change in presentation, the consolidated financial statements for the previous fiscal year have been reclassified.

Accordingly, Finance lease obligations that were included in "Trade and Other Payables" in the consolidated statement of financial position for the previous fiscal year have been reclassified to "lease liabilities." The reclassified amount was ¥68,354 million.

Right-of-use assets were included in "Inventories," "Property, plant and equipment," "Intangible assets" and "Investment property."

In accordance with the transitional measures under IFRS 16 (the modified retrospective approach), the

cumulative effect is recognized as an adjustment to the opening balance of retained earnings for the year ended March 31, 2020.

Accordingly, compared with the case where the previous accounting standards would be applied, total assets increased by \$391,100 million, total liabilities increased by \$415,116 million and retained earnings decreased by \$23,107 million each at the beginning of the year ended March 31, 2020.

In addition, cash flows from operating activities increased, and cash flows from financing activities decreased by the same amount, as lease payments of the principal of lease liabilities are classified as financing activities in the consolidated statement of cash flows.

The weighted average of the Company's incremental borrowing rate applied to lease liabilities on the consolidated statement of financial position at the date of initial application is 1.3%.

The following is a reconciliation of non-cancellable operating leases contracts based on IAS 17 as of March 31, 2019 and lease liabilities recognized in the consolidated statement of financial position at the date of initial application.

(Millions of Yen)

Non-cancellable operating leases contracts	322,421
The weighted average of the Company's incremental borrowing rate	1.3%
Non-cancellable operating leases contracts (after discount)	304,390
Finance lease obligations	68,354
Cancellable operating leases contracts, etc.	107,150
Lease liabilities	479,894

In applying IFRS 16, the Companies have elected the practical expedient and assesses whether contracts contain leases in accordance with IAS 17 and IFRIC 4 "*Determining whether an Arrangement contains a Lease*."

The following practical expedients are used in the application of IFRS 16.

- Leases for which the lease term ends within 12 months of the date of initial application are accounted for in the same way as short-term leases.
- Initial direct costs are excluded from the measurement of right-of-use assets at the date of initial application.
- The Companies use hindsight to calculate the lease term for lease contracts including options to extend or terminate the lease.

(2) IAS 28 "Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures"

The Companies have applied amendments of International Financial Reporting Standard No.28 *Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures* ("IAS 28") from the reporting period. The amendments clarified the accounting for long-term interests in associates and joint ventures. As a result, the Companies have recognized impairment loss by applying IFRS 9 "*Financial Instruments*" to long-term interests before applying the equity method.

In accordance with the transitional measures under the amendments of IAS 28, the cumulative effect is

recognized as an adjustment to the opening balance of retained earnings for the year ended March 31, 2020.

Accordingly, compared with the case where the previous accounting standards would be applied, "Trade and other receivables" and "Retained earnings" decreased by ¥30,218 million each at the beginning of the year ended March 31, 2020.

Segment Information Sumitomo Corporation and Subsidiaries For the six-month periods ended September 30, 2019 and 2018

		Millions of Yen											
2019:		Metal Products	Transportation & Construction Systems	Infrastructure	Media & Digital	Living Related & Real Estate	Mineral Resources, Energy, Chemical & Electronics	Segment Total	Corporate and Eliminations	Consolidated			
Total revenues	¥	616,931	389,892	309,687	188,091	490,224	545,640	2,540,465	96,137	2,636,602			
Gross profit		58,447	79,716	66,128	48,830	105,840	82,221	441,182	5,705	446,887			
Share of profit (loss) of investments accounted for using the equity method	l	4,158	17,977	6,796	19,807	5,174	2,835	56,747	1,704	58,451			
Profit for the period (attributable to owners of the parent	:)	11,129	21,491	39,809	18,779	26,054	33,193	150,455	1,969	152,424			
Total assets (As of September 30)		1,210,467	1,752,713	918,162	858,717	1,512,131	1,629,967	7,882,157	320,708	8,202,865			

		Millions of Yen									
2018:		Metal Products	Transportation & Construction Systems	Infrastructure	Media & Digital	Living Related & Real Estate	Mineral Resources, Energy, Chemical & Electronics	Segment Total	Corporate and Eliminations	Consolidated	
Total revenues	¥	638,335	369,334	208,861	168,504	503,297	488,163	2,376,494	103,423	2,479,917	
Gross profit		73,743	76,542	48,618	42,768	107,851	96,660	446,182	5,020	451,202	
Share of profit (loss) of investments accounted for using the equity method		5,015	26,976	7,911	24,562	5,751	10,306	80,521	2,192	82,713	
Profit for the period (attributable to owners of the parent)		20,866	32,644	23,078	24,443	25,961	46,423	173,415	5,902	179,317	
Total assets (As of March 31)		1,245,179	1,752,518	923,098	813,196	1,243,284	1,700,969	7,678,244	238,279	7,916,523	

		Millions of U.S. Dollars										
2019:		Metal Products	Transportation & Construction Systems	Infrastructure	Media & Digital	Living Related & Real Estate	Mineral Resources, Energy, Chemical & Electronics	Segment Total	Corporate and Eliminations	Consolidated		
Total revenues	\$	5,712	3,610	2,868	1,742	4,539	5,052	23,523	890	24,413		
Gross profit		541	738	612	452	980	762	4,085	53	4,138		
Share of profit (loss) of investments accounted for using the equity method		39	166	63	183	48	26	525	16	541		
Profit for the period (attributable to owners of the parent)	103	199	369	174	241	307	1,393	18	1,411		
Total assets (As of September 30)		11,208	16,229	8,502	7,951	14,001	15,092	72,983	2,969	75,952		

Notes:
1) The U.S. Dollar amounts represent translations of Japanese yen amounts at the rate of ¥108=US\$1.
2) On October 1, 2018, Smart city project in North Hanoi, Vietnam was transferred from Living Related & Real Estate Business Unit to Infrastructure Business Unit. Accordingly, the segment information of the same period of the previous year has been reclassified.